

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

1-7. (canceled)

8. (currently amended) An organic electroluminescent display, comprising:
- (a) an organic light-emitting device including, in the recited sequence,
    - a substrate,
    - thin film transistors that each have a source and a drain,
    - anodes or cathodes that include an electrically conductive thin film material and are each connected to the source or the drain on a corresponding one of the thin film transistors,
    - an organic electroluminescent light-emitting layer,
    - an upper transparent electrode that is a cathode or anode and includes a transparent electrically conductive material, and
    - at least one passivation layer on the upper transparent electrode;
  - (b) a color-converting substrate that comprises
    - a transparent supporting substrate, and
    - color-converting filters that comprise color filter layers alone, or color filter layers and color-converting layers, and are disposed on the supporting substrate, the color-converting filters having edges;
  - (c) adhesive that is disposed between and in direct contact with the organic light-emitting device and the color-converting filters, and that bonds the organic light-emitting device and the color-converting filters together with the color-converting filters facing the upper transparent electrode of the organic light-emitting device; and

(d) a stress-relieving layer that is disposed between and in direct contact with the organic light-emitting device and the color-converting filters, the stress-relieving layer being patterned to have walls that are disposed in positions corresponding to the edges of the color-converting filters and to have openings between the walls, the adhesive extending into the openings.

9. (previously presented) The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 8, wherein the stress-relieving layer includes a resin having a higher elasticity than the adhesive.

10. (previously presented) The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 8, wherein the stress-relieving layer has a lower refractive index than the adhesive.

11. (previously presented) The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 8, wherein walls of the stress-relieving layer have a reverse tapered shape relative to the color filter layers alone, or the color filter layers and the color-converting layers, of the color-converting filters.

12. (currently amended) The An organic electroluminescent display according to claim 8, display, comprising:

(a) an organic light-emitting device including, in the recited sequence,  
a substrate,

thin film transistors that each have a source and a drain,  
anodes or cathodes that include an electrically conductive thin film material and  
are each connected to the source or the drain on a corresponding one of the thin film  
transistors.

an organic electroluminescent light-emitting layer,  
an upper transparent electrode that is a cathode or anode and includes a  
transparent electrically conductive material, and  
at least one passivation layer on the upper transparent electrode;

(b) a color-converting substrate that comprises  
a transparent supporting substrate, and  
color-converting filters that comprise color filter layers alone, or color filter layers  
and color-converting layers, and are disposed on the supporting substrate, the color-  
converting filters having edges;

(c) adhesive that is disposed between the organic light-emitting device and the  
color-converting filters, and that bonds the organic light-emitting device and the color-  
converting filters together with the color-converting filters facing the upper transparent  
electrode of the organic light-emitting device; and

(d) a stress-relieving layer that is disposed between the organic light-emitting  
device and the color-converting filters, the stress-relieving layer being patterned to have  
walls that are disposed in positions corresponding to the edges of the color-converting  
filters and to have openings between the walls, the adhesive extending into the openings,  
wherein the stress-relieving layer is black.

13. (currently amended) ~~The~~ An organic electroluminescent display according to claim 8, display, comprising:

- (a) an organic light-emitting device including, in the recited sequence, a substrate, thin film transistors that each have a source and a drain, anodes or cathodes that include an electrically conductive thin film material and are each connected to the source or the drain on a corresponding one of the thin film transistors, an organic electroluminescent light-emitting layer, an upper transparent electrode that is a cathode or anode and includes a transparent electrically conductive material, and at least one passivation layer on the upper transparent electrode;
- (b) a color-converting substrate that comprises a transparent supporting substrate, and color-converting filters that comprise color filter layers alone, or color filter layers and color-converting layers, and are disposed on the supporting substrate, the color-converting filters having edges;
- (c) adhesive that is disposed between the organic light-emitting device and the color-converting filters, and that bonds the organic light-emitting device and the color-converting filters together with the color-converting filters facing the upper transparent electrode of the organic light-emitting device; and
- (d) a stress-relieving layer that is disposed between the organic light-emitting device and the color-converting filters, the stress-relieving layer being patterned to have

walls that are disposed in positions corresponding to the edges of the color-converting filters and to have openings between the walls, the adhesive extending into the openings,  
wherein the stress-relieving layer has fine particles dispersed therein that promote thermal conductivity.

14. (previously presented) The organic electroluminescent display according to claim 8, wherein the stress-relieving layer is formed from a polymeric material having fine carbon particles dispersed therein to promote thermal conductivity.